

To Fill the Earth



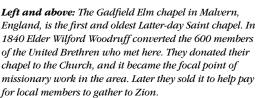


Left: Samuel H. Smith, brother of the Prophet Joseph Smith, was among the first missionaries to preach the gospel in the United States. Above: Early missionaries to England found great success in spreading the gospel, as did missionaries to Scandinavian and other European countries.

resident Thomas S. Monson has called upon Latter-day Saints to continue in our faith and prayers that "areas where our influence is limited and where we are not allowed to share the gospel" will be opened (see sidebar on page 25). He was present at the landmark meeting in 1974 when President Spencer W. Kimball (1895-1985) called upon Church leaders to lengthen their strides and enlarge their vision in magnifying the missionary program worldwide and "in finding the keys that have apparently been lost to many nations wherein we can open those worlds."1

President Monson promises that miracles can occur as we continue in our faith and prayers. He knows from experience that this is true. In the years following President Kimball's plea, he saw a dramatic increase in the number of missionaries and convert baptisms.2 He witnessed the opening of many areas as Latterday Saints obeyed President Kimball's request to pray that the nations of the world would open their doors to the preaching of the gospel. President Monson was instrumental in the construction of the Freiberg Germany Temple. He witnessed the opening of many countries







"I would ask that your faith and prayers continue to be offered in behalf of those areas where our influence is limited and where we are not allowed to share the gospel freely at this time. Miracles can occur as we do so."



The ship Ellen Maria prepares to sail from Liverpool, England, for America on February 1, 1851. At the time, over 50,000 Latter-day Saints lived in the

British Isles. Emigration was possible as the result of the Perpetual Emigrating Fund, which loaned money to impoverished Latter-day Saints on the promise

they would repay the loan so others could emigrate. Thousands of converts emigrated to join the Saints in America.



to the gospel after the fall of the Berlin Wall in 1989.<sup>3</sup>

He and all latterday prophets since the Restoration of the gospel know that these words written by the Prophet Joseph Smith in March 1842 are true: "The Standard of Truth has been erected; no unhallowed hand can stop the work from progressing; persecutions may rage, mobs may combine, armies may assemble, calumny may defame, but the truth of God will go forth boldly, nobly, and independent, till it has penetrated every continent, visited every clime, swept every



LEFT: PHOTOGRAPH OF 1882 MEETINGHOUSE COURTESY OF CHURCH HISTORY MUSEUM; ABOVE: THE PROMISE, BY AL ROUNDS; BELOW LEFT: BUILDING NOW FOR ETERNITY, BY SYLVIA HUEGE DE SERVILLE, FOURTH INTERNATIONAL ART COMPETITION; BELOW: LEHI'S DREAM, BY ARACELI ANDRADE, SEVENTH INTERNATIONAL ART COMPETITION

Many "isles of the sea" were among places where the gospel began to take root in the 19th century. Far left: The site of this 1882 meetinghouse in Hawaii became the site of the Laie Hawaii Temple, which was finished in 1919 (left). Below left: After missionaries went to New Zealand in 1854, the gospel blossomed. Below: This replica of Stela 5—one of 80 monuments in Izapa, Chiapas, Mexico—is known as the Tree-of-Life Stone. Some have suggested that it might depict Lehi's dream (see 1 Nephi 8).



Right: In the 1960s many in Nigeria and Ghana gained testimonies by reading Church literature. When missionaries arrived in 1978, hundreds of Africans were ready to be baptized. Within a year, some 1,700 people had been baptized and confirmed.



## TOP: PHOTOGRAPH OF NIGERIAN BAPTISMS IN 1978 BY JANATH CANNON; ABOVE: ORDINATION IN SIERRA LEONE BY LATTER-DAY SAINTS, BY EMILE WILSON; RIGHT: BAPTISM IN SIERRA LEONE, BY EMILE WILSON

## **I BELIEVED**

n 1964 Joseph William Billy Johnson read the testimony of the **Prophet Joseph Smith** and the Book of Mormon and found them to be the true word of God. Soon he was constrained by the Spirit to go from door-to-door sharing the message. Eventually he built up 10 congregations with over 1,000 believers. In June 1978 he had a strong impression to listen to the British Broadcasting Corporation on the radio. He recalled, "I heard the message of President Spencer W. Kimball that all worthy males in the world could receive the priesthood. I burst into tears of joy."

See E. Dale LeBaron, "Steadfast African Pioneer," *Ensign*, Dec. 1999, 45.





country, and sounded in every ear, till the purposes of God shall be accomplished, and the Great Jehovah shall say the work is done."4

Let us unite our faith and prayers so that areas now closed will open and miracles will occur as we accept the challenge from President Monson.

- 1. Spencer W. Kimball, "When the World Will Be Converted," Ensign, Oct. 1974, 3.
- 2. See "Status Report on Missionary Work: A Conversation with Elder Thomas S. Monson, Chairman of the Missionary Committee of the Council of the Twelve," Ensign, Oct. 1977, 8.
- 3. See Garold and Norma Davis, "Behind the Wall: The Church in Eastern Germany," Tambuli, Feb. 1992, 12; Ensign, Apr. 1991,
- 4. History of the Church, 4:540.
- 5. "President Hinckley Visits Asian Saints, Dedicates Hong Kong Temple," Ensign, Aug. 1996, 74.

**Left:** The colors and textures of this embroidery capture the energy of the tremendous growth of the Church in Mexico, Central America, and South America over the past 50 years. These members love the Book of Mormon and are drawn to the temple, represented here by the Guatemala

City Guatemala Temple. Below: Today more than 1,500 members live in Poland, a country profoundly affected by World War II. Their testimonies are rooted in the same beliefs as are all Latter-day Saints'—such as the First Vision (depicted below by a Polish artist).



THE LAMANITES BLOSSOM LIKE THE ROSE IN THE DESERT, BY MARIA GLADIS BARRIENTOS DE MONTERROSO, THIRD INTERNATIONAL ART TODIS, LEFT. JOSEPH SMITH'S FIRST VISION & TANUZA MOSSTN, COURTES OF CHURCH HISTORY MUSEUM; TOR ROHTE HOTIOGRAPH OF PRESIDENT PROFERRY AMANT, TOP CENTER. UNFADING MISSIONARIES, BY JUELING CHEN, FOURTH INTERNATIONAL ART COMPETITION, MAY NOT BE COMPED. SIGHT, PHOTOGRAPH OF MISSIONARIES IN JAPAN COURTESY OF CHURCH HISTORY MUSEUM, RIGHT, DEDICATION OF RUSSIA, BY EMIN ZULFUGRADO.







**Top:** Asians celebrated the 1996 visit of President Gordon B. Hinckley and his wife, Marjorie. **Top center:** Asian and Latter-day Saint images surround these Taiwanese members,

showing how the gospel can work in any culture. **Top right:** Elder Heber J. Grant (center), with missionaries, dedicated Japan for missionary work at this site on September 1, 1901.

Above: Elder Francis M. Lyman, an Apostle, gathered with other Church leaders in August 1903 in St. Petersburg, Russia, to dedicate Russia for the preaching of the gospel.



## JAPAN: THE CHURCH GROWS IN ASIA

At a fireside in Tokyo,
Japan, in 1996,
President Gordon B.
Hinckley told members
about the visit of Elder
Heber J. Grant, then a
member of the Quorum
of the Twelve Apostles,
to Japan in 1901: "He
and three other missionaries... went to a quiet
and secluded place and
dedicated Japan for the
preaching of the gospel."

After noting the growth of the Church in Japan (home to more than 123,000 members today), President Hinckley said, "If President Grant were here now, he would weep with gratitude." 5