
“Be Strong and of a Good Courage”

Joshua 1–6; 23–24

18

Study the following scriptures:

- a. Joshua 1. The Lord calls Joshua to succeed Moses. Joshua prepares the Israelites to possess the land that the Lord has promised them.
- b. Joshua 3–4; 6. The Israelites cross the Jordan River on dry ground and place 12 stones there as a memorial of their crossing. Through the faith of the Israelites, Jericho is destroyed.
- c. Joshua 23; 24:14–31. Joshua and his people covenant to serve the Lord.

Moses was the only leader an entire generation of Israelites had known. But the Lord took him at the end of their sojourn in the wilderness—just when they faced a great test.

Remembering his promises to Israel, the Lord raised up a new leader, Joshua.

- What did the Lord tell Joshua to do to “have good success”? (See Joshua 1:8.) Why do you think scripture study would have been important for Joshua to succeed in his calling? How has regular scripture study helped you?
- What important counsel did Joshua give at the end of his life? (See Joshua 24:14–15.) Why is it important to choose *today* to serve the Lord? How can we show that we have chosen to serve him?

Additional reading: Joshua 7; 14.

The Reign of the Judges

Judges 2; 4; 6–7; 13–16

19

Study the following scriptures:

- a. Judges 2:6–23. The rising generation of the children of Israel forsake the Lord to serve false gods.
- b. Judges 4:1–16. Barak is commanded to free Israel from Jabin, king of Canaan (4:1–7). He agrees to go if Deborah will go with him (4:8–9). Deborah and Barak deliver Israel from the Canaanites (4:10–16).
- c. Judges 6–7. Gideon is commanded to deliver Israel from the Midianites (6:1–24). He and 10 other men destroy Baal’s altar (6:25–35). The Lord assures Gideon of help by granting him two signs (6:36–40). Gideon and 300 other men deliver Israel (7:1–25).

- d. Judges 13–16. An angel instructs Samson’s parents to raise him as a Nazarite (13:1–25). Samson performs great feats of strength but breaks many of his Nazarite vows (14–15). Samson gives in to Delilah’s enticing; his hair is cut, and he becomes weak, is captured by the Philistines, and dies while pulling down their temple (16:1–31).

After Joshua died, judges served as Israel’s rulers and military leaders. Most of their reign was tragic as Israel went through the cycle of apostasy, captivity, repentance, and delivery many times. Offsetting the tragic parts of this history are stories of righteous judges such as Deborah and Gideon, who remained true and exercised faith

and courage in helping deliver their people.

- What can we learn from Deborah about being a true friend? How have your friends helped you face difficult challenges or obey the Lord's commandments? How can we be better friends to others?
- As a Nazarite and a member of the house of Israel, Samson made covenants with the Lord. What

covenants do we make with the Lord? How have these covenants strengthened you?

- What were the consequences of Samson's violation of his covenants? (See Judges 16:17–21.) What are the consequences when we violate our covenants?

Additional reading: "Judges, The" and "Judges, Book of," Bible Dictionary, pages 719–20.

"All the City . . . Doth Know That Thou Art a Virtuous Woman"

Ruth; 1 Samuel 1

20

Study the following scriptures:

- a. Ruth 1–2. After her husband dies, Ruth goes to Bethlehem with her mother-in-law, Naomi. In Bethlehem, Ruth works in the fields of Boaz, who treats her kindly.
- b. Ruth 3–4. Ruth lies at the feet of Boaz, and he promises to marry her. They marry and have a child.
- c. 1 Samuel 1; 2:1–2, 20–21. Hannah is blessed with a son, whom she lends to the Lord as she promised. She is later blessed with more children.

- What did Ruth give up by going to Bethlehem with Naomi? What did Ruth gain by going with Naomi? (The gospel of Jesus Christ; see Ruth 1:16.) What can we learn from Ruth about making sacrifices for the gospel?
- How do you think Hannah felt about giving Samuel to the service of the Lord? What does the Lord ask us to give him? What should our attitude be about giving to him?
- What righteous qualities did Ruth, Naomi, and Hannah exemplify?

God Will Honor Those Who Honor Him

1 Samuel 2–3; 8

21

Study the following scriptures:

- a. 1 Samuel 2:12–17, 22–25. The sons of Eli commit transgressions and are counseled by their father.
- b. 1 Samuel 2:27–36; 3:12–14. A man of God warns Eli about the consequences of the wickedness in his family.

- a. 1 Samuel 3. The Lord calls Samuel, and Samuel responds.
 - d. 1 Samuel 8. The Israelites want a king so they can be "like all the nations." Samuel warns them about the dangers of such a choice.
- What did the actions of Eli's sons suggest about whom they chose to